



1001 Louisiana St, Suite
1000 Houston, TX 77002
Non-Emergency Phone(s): 800-276-9927
Website: www.kindermorgan.com

ABOUT KINDER MORGAN

Kinder Morgan is the largest energy infrastructure company in North America. We own an interest in or operate approximately 84,000 miles of pipelines and approximately 157 terminals. Our pipelines transport natural gas, gasoline, crude oil, carbon dioxide (CO2) and more. Our terminals store and handle petroleum products, chemicals and other products.

COMMITMENT

Kinder Morgan is committed to the protection of the public and the environment through the safe operation and maintenance of its pipeline systems. Kinder Morgan's qualified personnel are trained in emergency response activities and regularly participate in drills and exercises reflecting various types of response levels, emergency scenarios, topographic terrain and environmental sensitivities.

Kinder Morgan has committed the necessary resources to fully prepare and implement its emergency response plans and has obtained, through contract, the necessary private personnel and equipment to respond, to the maximum extent practicable, to a "worst case" discharge or substantial threat of such a discharge.

COMMUNICATIONS

Kinder Morgan utilizes its 24-hour Pipeline Control Center (1-800-633-0184) as a hub of communications in emergency response situations. The Control Center has a vast catalog of resources and capabilities. On-site communications are conducted using cellular telephones, 6GigHz analog 120 channel microwave radios (in Company Vehicles), portable Motorola Radios and/or land-line telephone systems from Company facilities and offices.

INCIDENT COMMAND SYSTEM

Kinder Morgan utilizes an expandable Incident Command System. Depending upon the size and complexity of an incident, additional Company or contract personnel may be added as needed. Additional federal, state or local agencies may be integrated into the Incident Command System by utilizing a Unified Command Structure.

SPILL RESPONSE EQUIPMENT

Kinder Morgan maintains emergency response drums and equipment at strategically located facilities. Drums contain spill boom (of various types, sizes and lengths as needed in different areas), sorbent materials, hoses, personal protective equipment, first aid and miscellaneous supplies.

For more information regarding Kinder Morgan's emergency response plans and procedures, call Dell Ford at (806) 379-2041.

EMERGENCY CONTACT:
1-800-334-8047 - El Paso
1-800-733-2490 - NGPL
1-877-712-2288 - CIG

PRODUCTS/DOT GUIDEBOOK ID#/GUIDE#:
Natural Gas 1971 115

**TEXAS
COUNTIES OF OPERATION:**

Andrews	Loving
Bailey	Midland
Carson	Moore
Castro	Ochiltree
Cochran	Parmer
Coke	Pecos
Crane	Potter
Culberson	Randall
Deaf Smith	Reeves
Ector	Sherman
Gaines	Sterling
Glasscock	Terrell
Gray	Upton
Hansford	Ward
Hemphill	Wheeler
Hockley	Winkler
Hutchinson	Yoakum
Lamb	

Changes may occur. Contact the operator to discuss their pipeline systems and areas of operation.

CONTACT

Dell Ford
5410 S. Bell Suite 600
Amarillo, TX 79109
Phone: 806-379-2041



Product	Description	Health and Fire Hazards	Counties Involved
Natural Gas	Colorless, odorless gas. Hydrocarbon odor, like rotten eggs or garlic-like, if mercaptan is present.	Harmful or fatal if inhaled or absorbed through skin. Vaporizing gas may cause frostbite. Flammable gas. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Sherman, Hansford, Ochiltree, Moore, Hutchinson, Hemphill, Potter, Carson, Gray, Wheeler, Deaf Smith, Randall, Parmer, Castro, Bailey, Lamb, Cochran, Hockley, Yoakum, Gaines, Andrews



PIPELINE SAFETY INFORMATION

for Emergency Response Officials

**FOR MORE INFORMATION PLEASE VISIT
WWW.KINDERMORGAN.COM/PUBLIC_AWARENESS**

Keep with emergency response training and reference materials.

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Kinder Morgan Cares About Your Safety

We want you to be aware of our pipelines and facilities and ask for your help in preventing damage to pipelines. For specific information about our pipelines and facilities in your community visit <http://PA-InfoRequest.KinderMorgan.com> or call our non-emergency number 800-276-9927.

Kinder Morgan supports the Nation's Homeland Security efforts and encourages you to immediately report any suspicious persons and/or activities near the pipeline to your local law enforcement authorities by calling 911.

Working Together To Protect Pipelines & Right-of-Ways

In addition to 24-hour monitoring and on-going safety and security procedures, Kinder Morgan relies on you, the local emergency responder, to notify Kinder Morgan when you observe potential right-of-way restriction violations or potential damage to our facilities, which could endanger public safety. We support your enforcement of "Call Before You Dig" requirements in states where they apply.

Excavation activity is the most common cause of serious pipeline damage. In most states, residents, excavators and farmers are required by law to call 811 or their local One-Call center at least two or three working days before starting an excavation project to have underground utilities marked. Refer to your state-specific One-Call laws for more information.

Additionally, some emergencies may require excavation and/or use of heavy equipment that could damage underground utilities. Call 811 to identify and notify utilities in the area that may be impacted by these emergency activities.

Unauthorized use, such as building or planting, in the pipeline right-of-way is known as encroachment. Kinder Morgan regularly conducts maintenance to trim trees and remove shrubs or structures that prohibit the company from clearly viewing the pipeline corridor during aerial or foot patrols and regular maintenance activities.

Please contact us if you know of places where trees, plants or structures are located on the pipeline right-of-way or if you see individuals digging in areas where underground utilities are not marked with flags.

Signs of a Pipeline Leak or Rupture

The following are indications of a possible pipeline leak:

- Brown or discolored vegetation amid healthy plants
- Dirt being blown into the air
- Colorful sheens on water surfaces
- Fire at or below ground level
- Stains or pools of hydrocarbons not usually present in the right-of-way
- Bubbles coming from bodies of water
- A loud roar or hissing sound
- Distinctive petroleum type odors, the smell of mercaptan, sulfur (e.g., rotten eggs or garlic-like), or a mild fragrant odor (Ethanol)
- A dense white cloud or fog
- Frozen ground near the pipeline

On occasion, a pressure-relieving device may activate at a natural gas or CO₂ aboveground pipeline facility. **These devices are acting as designed to relieve pressure on the system to prevent over pressurization.** Under no circumstances should a pressure relieving device be capped or valved off.

Pipeline Incident Response Tactics

The list below summarizes emergency response tactics to implement when you respond to a pipeline incident.

1. Assess the situation

- Approach with caution from upwind location.
- Isolate and secure the area.
- Employ ICS.
- Identify hazards.
- Identify and contact the pipeline operator using the emergency number listed on the pipeline marker.

2. Protect people, property & the environment

- Establish isolation zones and set up barriers.
- Rescue and evacuate people (if needed).
- Eliminate ignition sources.
- Stage apparatus and equipment based on atmospheric monitoring and weather conditions.
- If liquid products are involved, use appropriate defensive Hazardous Waste Operations & Emergency Response (HAZWOPER) procedures such as installing dikes and dams, if trained and equipped.
- Control fires, vapor and leaks. Do not extinguish burning fires. Protect exposures and coordinate isolation operations with pipeline personnel.
- Do not operate (open or close) valves or other pipeline equipment.
- Employ containment techniques if personnel are trained, equipped and it is safe to do so.
- Designate a safe location for bystanders and the media.

3. Call for assistance as needed

- Contact your local emergency response organization and/or national resources if needed.

Refer to PHMSA's Emergency Response Guidebook at www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg for additional information.

Additional Information:

National Pipeline Mapping System

www.npms.phmsa.dot.gov

NASFM's "Pipeline Emergencies"

<http://nasfm-training.org/pipeline>

PHMSA Emergency Response Guidebook

www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

Kinder Morgan Public Awareness

www.kindermorgan.com/public_awareness

Potential Hazards Associated With Pipeline Leaks

The following chart outlines potential hazards associated with the release of specific products that may be transported by Kinder Morgan:

Product	Description	Fire Hazard	Health Hazard	Response (Extinguishing Method)
Benzene – Typical	Colorless liquid, characteristic odor	Extremely flammable. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Harmful or fatal if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin.	Dry chemical or foam. Cover liquid spills with foam.
Butane – Typical (Butane, Normal Butane, Isobutane Mix)	Colorless liquid, characteristic odor	Flammable gas. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Harmful or fatal if inhaled or absorbed through skin	Dry chemical, carbon dioxide (CO2)
CO2 – Typical	Colorless, odorless gas	Nonflammable gas	Avoid direct contact with liquid product. Can cause frostbite. Vapors are nontoxic but can serve as an asphyxiant.	Isolate the area and monitor oxygen levels.
Crude – Heavy	Amber to black liquid with a mild hydrocarbon odor – like rotten eggs if mercaptan is present.	Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Harmful or fatal if inhaled or absorbed through skin	Dry chemical, foam
Crude – Sour	Amber to black liquid with a mild hydrocarbon odor – like rotten eggs if mercaptan is present.	Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Harmful or fatal if inhaled or absorbed through skin	Dry chemical, foam
Crude – Sweet	Amber to black liquid with a mild hydrocarbon odor – like rotten eggs if mercaptan is present.	Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Harmful or fatal if inhaled or absorbed through skin	Dry chemical, foam
Denatured Ethanol-Typical	Colorless, water white liquid, with a mild fragrant odor	Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Harmful or fatal if inhaled or absorbed through skin	Alcohol resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide
Ethane – Typical	Colorless, odorless gas	Flammable gas. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Harmful or fatal if inhaled or absorbed through skin	Dry chemical, carbon dioxide (CO2)
Ethane/Propane Mix – Typical (E/P Mix)	Colorless, odorless gas	Flammable gas. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Harmful or fatal if inhaled or absorbed through skin	Dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide (CO2)
Gasoline – Typical (Unleaded Gasoline)	Clear (may be dyed) liquid with a gasoline odor	Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Harmful or fatal if inhaled or absorbed through skin	Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide (CO2) or water fog
High Sulfur Diesel – Typical (petroleum hydrocarbons)	Clear (may be dyed) liquid with a hydrocarbon odor	Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Harmful or fatal if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin	Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide (CO2) or water fog. Water may be ineffective but should be used to keep fire exposed containers cool.
Kerosene – Typical	Clear (may be dyed) liquid with a petroleum or solvent odor	Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Harmful or fatal if inhaled or absorbed through skin	Dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide (CO2). For larger fires, use water spray or fog.
Low Sulfur and Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel – Typical	Clear yellow liquid with a petroleum odor	Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Harmful or fatal if inhaled or absorbed through skin	Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide (CO2) or water fog
Natural Gas (Compressed Gas, Residue gas, sales gas) – Typical	Colorless, odorless gas. Hydrocarbon odor, like rotten eggs, if mercaptan is present.	Flammable gas. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Harmful or fatal if inhaled or absorbed through skin. Vaporizing gas may cause frostbite.	Dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2)
Natural Gas Condensate – Typical	Colorless liquid with a hydrocarbon odor – like rotten eggs if mercaptan is present	Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Harmful or fatal if inhaled or absorbed through skin	Dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide (CO2)
Propane – Typical (HD-5, Liquefied Propane Gas, LP-Gas, LPG)	Colorless, odorless liquefied gas	Flammable gas. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Harmful or fatal if inhaled or absorbed through skin	Dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2)
Transmix – Typical (T-034; T-035; OHSDU545)	Pink to bronze liquid with a gasoline odor	Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Harmful or fatal if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin	Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide (CO2) or water fog
Turbine Fuel – Typical	Clear watery-white liquid with a faint hydrocarbon odor	Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Harmful or fatal if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin	Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide (CO2), water fog or vaporizing liquid type extinguishing agents

For additional information about the potential hazards and safety recommendations visit www.kindermorgan.com/public_awareness/AdditionalInformation/erg

Basic Pipeline Information

Kinder Morgan's pipelines are typically underground, but they are located aboveground in select climates and at compressor stations, pumping stations, valve sites and terminals.

Kinder Morgan operates pipelines in your community. Pipelines are the backbone of our nation's energy transportation infrastructure. According to the National Transportation Safety Board, pipelines are the safest mode of fuel transportation, both for the public and the environment.

Pipelines are constructed in a corridor of land called the **pipeline right-of-way** that includes the land over and around the pipeline, typically 25 feet on each side. Right-of-way agreements limit how the corridor is used to protect the pipeline and allow operators to monitor and inspect the pipeline.

Kinder Morgan monitors its transmission pipelines 24-hours a day from its System Control Centers. We ensure public safety and safe pipeline operations through employee training, regular testing, aerial and right-of-way foot patrols and adherence to our comprehensive Integrity Management plan and procedures.

There are three primary types of pipelines: gathering, transmission and distribution. **Gathering pipelines** transport natural gas, CO₂ and petroleum products from the wellhead and production areas to processing facilities. **Transmission pipelines**, like those operated by Kinder Morgan, transport natural gas, CO₂ and hazardous liquids to marketing and distribution terminals. Transmission pipelines are typically large, high-pressure pipelines.

Distribution systems for natural gas and hazardous liquids differ. Liquids products are stored and transported to their final destination by tanker trucks. Natural Gas is transported from storage locations to residential and business customers by smaller, low-pressure pipelines.

Locating Pipelines in Your Community

Pipeline markers are located along the right-of-way, at road intersections, waterways, railroad crossings and all aboveground facilities. Markers identify the area, but not the exact location or depth of the pipeline. They specify the type of product transported, the operator's name and emergency contact number.

The federal government provides access to maps of transmission pipelines in your community through the **National Pipeline Mapping System** at www.npms.phmsa.dot.gov. Government and safety officials can access additional information and download electronic files to import into emergency preparedness GIS mapping systems.



Examples of Kinder Morgan pipeline markers.

Kinder Morgan © 2019

Kinder Morgan (KM) Emergency Contact Numbers:

Call 866-762-8442 or the emergency number below.
When calling a non-toll free number, call collect.

Natural Gas

Central and South
800-733-2490
 > KM Louisiana Pipeline
 > Midcontinent Express Pipeline
 > Natural Gas Pipeline Company of America

East and South
800-252-5960
 > Bear Creek Storage Company
 > Southern Natural Gas
 800-231-2800
 > Tennessee Gas Pipeline

West
877-712-2288
 > Cheyenne Plains Gas Pipeline Company
 > Colorado Interstate Gas
 > Ruby Pipeline
 > Wyoming Interstate Company
 800-334-8047
 > El Paso Natural Gas
 > Mojave Pipeline
 > Sierrita Gas Pipeline
 800-944-4817
 > TransColorado Gas Transmission

Louisiana Intrastate
866-775-5784
 > KinderHawk Field Services

Montana and North Dakota Intrastate
866-431-3635
 > Hiland Partners Holdings

Oklahoma Intrastate
855-737-9555
 > Scissortail Energy (Copano Energy)

Texas Intrastate
855-737-9555
 > Camino Real Gathering Company
 > Copano Field Services/North Texas
 > Copano Field Services/South Texas
 > Copano Field Services/Upper Gulf Coast
 > Copano Pipelines/South Texas
 > Copano Pipelines/Upper Gulf Coast
 877-712-2288
 > KM Keystone Gas Storage
 800-633-0184
 > KM North Texas Pipeline
 > KM Texas Pipeline
 800-568-7512
 > KM Tejas Pipeline
Utah Intrastate
800-568-7512
 > KM Altamont

CO₂

Colorado, New Mexico and Texas
877-390-8640
 > KM CO₂ Company

Hazardous Liquids

Mid-Continent
800-265-6000
 > Cypress Interstate Pipeline
 > KM Cochin
 > KM Utopia LLC

Pacific
714-560-4411
 > CalNev Pipe Line Company
 > SFPP, LP
 > West Coast Terminal Pipeline

Southeast
800-537-8832
 > Central Florida Pipeline Company
 800-510-5678
 > KM Southeast Terminals
 > Plantation Pipe Line Company

California Intrastate
800-334-8047
 > El Paso Natural Gas

Montana and North Dakota
877-977-2078
 > Double H
 866-431-3635
 > Hiland Crude LLC
 > Hiland Partners Holdings

Oklahoma Intrastate
855-737-9555
 > Scissortail Energy

Texas
866-784-6494
 > KM Wink Pipeline
 800-265-6000
 > Camino Real Gathering Company
 > Double Eagle Pipeline
 > KM Crude and Condensate
 855-737-9555
 > Copano NGL Services (Markham) LLC
 > Copano NGL Services LLC
 > Copano Processing LLC
 800-633-0184
 > KM Texas Pipeline

Wyoming
877-977-2078
 > Double H

Liquid Terminals

> KM Liquids Terminals LLC
 866-499-2746
 Argo and Argo Harlem, IL
 Indianapolis, IN
 Cincinnati and Dayton, OH
 618-779-2290
 O'Hare and Wood River, IL
 732-603-3503
 Carteret and Perth Amboy, NJ
 732-522-2601
 Carteret Truck Rack, NJ
 855-779-0071
 Geismar Methanol Terminal (GMT) and St. Gabriel, LA
 888-434-6094
 South Wilmington, NC
 713-455-1231
 Galena Park and
 KM Export Terminal (KMET), TX
 281-946-1600
 BOSTCO Pasadena, TX
 713-475-9235
 Deer Park Rail Terminal (DPRT), Jefferson Street Truck Rack (JSTR) and Pasadena, TX

Kinder Morgan's Public Awareness Program, developed under the guidance of federal public awareness, damage prevention and integrity management regulation, is a single administered program for all applicable business units or entities.