



DCP Midstream
 5300B Highway 188
 Coden, AL 36523
 Phone: (254) 873-5011
 Website: www.dcpmidstream.com

ABOUT DCP MIDSTREAM

DCP Midstream is a private company jointly owned by Spectra Energy and Phillips 66. We own and operate over 61 plants, 12 fractionating facilities and over 62,000 miles of gathering and transmission pipeline. We gather and/or transport about 7.0 trillion British thermal units per day of natural gas, produce more than 383,000 barrels per day of NGLs and markets and trades about 489,000 barrels per day of NGLs. We employ more than 3000 employees across this Great United States. We also own and operate offshore platforms at MP-225, MP-256, MO-822 and AST-73 which comprise of the Dauphin Island Gathering System which is owned 100% by DCP Midstream.

PIPELINE MARKER(S)



EMERGENCY CONTACT:

1-888-204-1781

PRODUCTS/DOT GUIDEBOOK ID#/GUIDE#:

Anhydrous Ammonia	1005	125
Butane	1011	115
Carbon Dioxide	1013	120
Crude Oil	1267	128
Ethane	1035	115
Natural Gas	1971	115
Propane	1075	115

ALABAMA COUNTIES OF OPERATION:

Mobile

Changes may occur. Contact the operator to discuss their pipeline systems and areas of operation.

PRODUCTS TRANSPORTED

Product	Description	Health and Fire Hazards
Natural Gas	Leak Type: Gas Vapor: Lighter than Air Very flammable and a white vapor cloud may be visible near the site of a leak.	Health: Extremely high concentrations may cause irritation or asphyxiation. Possible presence of H2S, a toxic gas. Fire Hazards: Extremely flammable and easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames.
Propane, Butane or Highly Volatile Liquids (HVLs)- Natural Gas Liquids Ethane, Gasolines, Diesel, etc.	Leak Type: Liquid/Gas Vapor: Heavier than air	Health: Respiratory tract irritant; may cause central nervous system effects Fire Hazards: Extremely flammable liquid or vapor; vapors may accumulate in low areas and travel considerable distance to ignition source
Carbon Dioxide (CO2)	Leak Type: Gas Vapor: Heavier than air. If there is a leak in a CO2 pipeline, the product will become very cold when contact with the outside atmosphere is made. The area around the leak may look frozen or covered in frost. In wet areas, bubbling water or a muddy looking area may indicate a leak.	Health: Vapors may cause dizziness or asphyxiation without warning. Contact with CO2 may cause burns, severe injury and/or frostbite. Fire Hazards: A nonflammable gas that is heavier than air. Containers of CO2 may explode when heated and ruptured cylinders may rocket.
Crude Oil	Leak Type: Liquid Vapor: Heavier than air. Dark brown spots on the ground, dead vegetation or an oily sheen on top of the ground or floating on the surface of a body of water may indicate the presence of a leak in a crude oil pipeline system.	Health: Irritation of the eyes and skin may occur with exposure. Vapors may cause central nervous system effects. Possible presence of H2S, a toxic gas. Fire Hazards: Crude oil is an extremely flammable liquid or vapor that is heavier than air. May accumulate in low areas, and may travel considerable distances to an ignition source.
Anhydrous Ammonia	Leak Type: Vapor Vapor: Heavier than air.	Health: Fatal if inhaled, ingested or absorbed through the skin. Contact causes burns, server injury, and/or frostbite. Fire Hazards: May burn, but will not ignite readily. May react violently with water.