



COGENT MIDSTREAM

Website: www.cogentmidstream.com
 Emergency Contact: 1-866-688-9685
 Control Room Operations: 1-210-568-8370

COGENT MIDSTREAM HOLDINGS, LLC

Cogent Midstream Holdings, LLC is a midstream natural gas pipeline operator based in Dallas Texas. Our operations in the Texas Permian Basin consists of Cogent Midstream Products, LLC, Cogent Midstream Logistics, LLC, Cogent Midstream Westex, LLC and Cogent Intrastate Pipeline, LLC. Our main areas of operation are Crockett, Glasscock, Mitchell, Reagan, Sterling and Upton Counties. The majority of these pipelines are operated for natural gas & crude oil gathering purposes. In addition, our companies operate several intrastate natural gas and natural gas liquid pipelines. Cogent Midstream Holdings, LLC would like to take this opportunity to make you more aware of our pipelines and the product we transport. Please take time to read this informational guide, if you have any questions please contact Jason Bohn at 1-325-899-4512 or email at jbohn@cogentmidstream.com – your comments and input are very important to our operations!



RELIABILITY

Cogent Midstream Holdings, LLC of pipeline operators - Cogent Midstream Westex, LLC, Cogent Midstream Products, LLC, Cogent Midstream Logistics, LLC, Cogent Intrastate Pipeline, LLC – are dedicated to operating safe pipelines and employ several measures to help ensure pipeline integrity. Pipeline pressures are continually monitored. Abnormally high or low pressures are alarmed through our Supervisory Control And Data

Acquisition (SCADA) system to trained operators who analyze the data and take appropriate action based on the information received. In addition, trained operations and maintenance personnel regularly inspect the right-of-way for leaks and encroachment activities which may negatively affect our pipelines. External and internal corrosion is monitored to help ensure the integrity of our pipelines. We also make use of cleaning devices called “pigs” to help maintain our lines internally. For increased public safety, we have installed pipeline markers which show the approximate location of our buried pipelines. These markers are installed at public road and rail crossings, and along the entire length of our pipelines. The markers identify the product we transfer, onecall information, and the 24-hour number to call in the event of an emergency.

SOME PROPERTIES OF NATURAL GAS

- Raw natural gas generally contains a large amount of methane, along with heavier hydrocarbons such as ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutane, pentane, etc. Also, in the raw state it often contains a considerable amount of non-hydrocarbons, such as nitrogen, carbon dioxide, mercaptans, and water vapor.

EMERGENCY CONTACT:
1-866-688-9685

PRODUCTS / DOT GUIDEBOOK ID# / GUIDE#:		
Crude Oil	1267	128
Natural Gas	1971	115
Natural Gas Liquids	1972	115

**TEXAS
COUNTIES OF OPERATION:**

Glasscock	Reagan
Crockett	Sterling
Irion	Upton

Changes may occur. Contact the operator to discuss their pipeline systems and areas of operation.

- Natural gas is highly flammable and could form an explosive atmosphere when combined with air.
- Natural gas is an asphyxiant and is not toxic although some of the non-hydrocarbon constituents could be toxic.
- Natural gas is lighter than air and tends to travel from low to high places.
- Natural gas that our company gathers and transports is not intentionally odorized. On occasion, trace amounts of mercaptan which is naturally present, will give a distinct odor.

PRODUCT	LEAK TYPE	VAPORS
HIGHLY VOLATILE LIQUIDS [SUCH AS: BUTANE, PROPANE, ETHANE, PROPYLENE, AND NATURAL GAS LIQUIDS (NGL)]	Gas	Initially heavier than air, spread along ground and may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Product is colorless, tasteless and odorless.
HEALTH HAZARDS		Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames and will form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may cause dizziness or asphyxiation without warning and may be toxic if inhaled at high concentrations. Contact with gas or liquefied gas may cause burns, severe injury and/or frostbite. Fire may produce irritating and/or toxic gases.
HAZARDOUS LIQUIDS [SUCH AS: CRUDE OIL, DIESEL FUEL, JET FUEL, GASOLINE, AND OTHER REFINED PRODUCTS]	Liquid	Initially heavier than air and spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Explosion hazards indoors, outdoors or in sewers.
HEALTH HAZARDS		Inhalation or contact with material may irritate or burn skin and eyes. Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases. Vapors may cause dizziness or suffocation. Runoff from fire control or dilution water may cause pollution.
NATURAL GAS	Gas	Lighter than air and will generally rise and dissipate. May gather in a confined space and travel to a source of ignition.
HEALTH HAZARDS		Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames and will form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may cause dizziness or asphyxiation without warning and may be toxic if inhaled at high concentrations. Contact with gas or liquefied gas may cause burns, severe injury and/or frostbite.

SOME PROPERTIES OF NATURAL GAS LIQUIDS

Natural Gas Liquids (NGL's) are classified as a hazardous liquid and are considered a highly volatile liquid (HVL). The product is kept in the liquid state under high pressure and would become vapor if vented to the atmosphere. The vapor is heavier than air and would tend to lie close to the ground and accumulate in low places should the pipeline leak. If the pipeline becomes damaged and product escapes, you should be aware that:

- In both the liquid and gaseous states, pure NGL is colorless and odorless although a white vapor cloud may be associated with NGL in the gaseous state. An odorant must be added to NGL for it to smell.
- The product will burn when mixed with very low concentrations of oxygen and if an ignition source is present.
- Physical contact with the product can result in freezing or frostbite.
- Inhaling the vapor can cause symptoms of oxygen deficiency such as rapid respiration, loss of coordination, poor judgment, nausea, and loss of consciousness.



RECOGNIZING A LEAK

- By sight: A vapor cloud over a gas pipeline, dirt blowing up from the ground, discolored ground or vegetation near a pipeline, bubbles coming up from standing water near a pipeline may be signs of a gas leak.
- By sound: An unusual noise, like a hissing or roaring sound coming from the pipeline might be a sign of a leak.
- By smell: An unusual smell may accompany a pipeline leak. Our product is not intentionally odorized and may or may not have smell associated with a pipeline leak.

RECOGNIZING A PIPELINE EMERGENCY

- Natural gas or NGL vapors detected inside or near your home.
- Fire located near or directly involving our pipeline facility.

- Any indication of a natural gas leak such as blowing gas, vapor clouds, or bubbles escaping from standing water near a pipeline right-of-way.

WHAT TO DO IF YOU SUSPECT A LEAK OR OTHER PROBLEM ON THE PIPELINE

- Leave the area immediately, heading upwind. Do not drive into a leak or vapor cloud area.
- Do not touch, breathe or make contact with leaking liquids or gases.
- Do not light a match, start an engine, use a telephone, operate light switches or do anything that might create a spark.
- Do not attempt to stop the leak by operating pipeline equipment.
- From a safe location call 911 followed by a call to 1-866-688-9685. Call collect if needed and give your name, telephone number, a description of the problem and its approximate location. Warn others if necessary.

TEXAS 811 -ONE CALL SYSTEM

Utility Owners: Texas811 has more than 1,600 members who play a vital role in protecting underground facilities around the state.

Excavators: As an excavator, it is extremely important you know where underground utility lines are located whenever digging is taking place.

Homeowners: When doing projects around your house, digging without knowing where underground utility lines are buried can be very risky.

For more information contact Texas 811 at www.texas811.org or Permian Basin Regional Planning Comm. at www.pbrpc.org.

Call 811 before you dig! It's Free, It's Easy, and It's the Law.



- Company personnel must be present to monitor all excavation work performed on or around our pipeline facilities. Personnel shall remain until the work is completed.

- A gouge, scrape, dent or crease to the pipe or pipe coating may cause a future rupture or leak! Any damage even if it appears to be minor, must immediately be reported to our company personnel.



The Permian Basin Damage Prevention Council has been a regional partner of the Texas Common Ground Alliance since 2009.

Their mission is to communicate and facilitate underground asset damage prevention therefore promoting education, public safety and environmental protection by including all stakeholders and embracing the Common Ground Alliance Best Practices. For more information contact Ketha Molina at KethaMolina@Texas811.org

PIPELINE MARKERS

Markers are placed as close as practical over each buried pipeline and identify the product being transported.

Markers identify the operating company and also include the telephone number where they can be reached at all times. Our markers remind the public to always contact 811 before they dig. Pipeline markers do not provide the depth or exact location of our pipelines. Because of their importance, all members of the public should be aware of any pipeline markers in their area.



To identify underground pipelines, look for line markers like the one shown above. Pipeline markers are commonly found at public road, rail and river crossings, and other places along the ROW.

To find out who operates pipelines in your area, visit the National Pipeline Mapping System available online at <http://www.npms.phmsa.dot.gov/>. If a

particular pipeline affects a designated High Consequence Area, additional safety measures are required of the operating company to protect these areas. This is known as an Integrity Management Program. If you have any questions concerning which pipelines may affect a High Consequence Area, please contact our company's Pipeline Safety Department at 325-899-4512.

ENCROACHMENT INTO OR ON A PIPELINE RIGHT-OF-WAY

A Right-Of-Way (ROW) is a defined area of land where some of the property owner's legal rights have been granted to our company. This enables us to operate, inspect, repair, maintain, or replace the pipeline on property owned by others. Only the pipeline operator can permit the building, erection, or creation of a structure or improvement within the pipeline ROW. Building a structure; fence, wall, or other obstruction adjacent to the pipeline ROW which would prevent complete and unimpaired surface access is not allowed.

The pipeline operator has the right to perform any necessary activities within the pipeline ROW including but not limited to: construction, replacement, relocation, repair, or operation of the pipeline. Land developers and community planning agencies should always be aware of pipeline ROWs that are located near any planned development and consult with our company early in the planning stage of a project. Our typical ROW width is 50 feet during construction of the pipeline and 30 feet once the pipeline is operational.

Our company maintains a Damage Prevention Program in accordance with state and federal guidelines. The purpose of this program is to prevent damage to our pipelines and facilities from excavation activities, such as digging, trenching, boring, blasting, tunneling, backfilling, or by any other digging activity.

EMERGENCY RESPONSE/ FIRST RESPONDERS

It is anticipated that most emergency calls will be received via our 24-hour emergency number. Pertinent information will be obtained and field operations personnel will be contacted. Once on site, trained personnel will immediately evaluate the situation and take appropriate action to minimize any hazards, personnel will also aid Emergency Responders as needed. If you are a First Responder or Public Official and need detailed mapping of our pipeline systems, please contact our Pipeline Safety Department at 325-899-4512.

IF YOU ARE A FIRST RESPONDER...

- Ignition Source Control: Be particularly careful when first responding to the scene; your vehicles or equipment could ignite the release. To prevent ignition, it will be necessary to remove all potential sources in or near the flammable vapor cloud or liquid pool, and prevent other potential ignition sources from entering the hazardous area.
- If the pipeline leak is burning, attempt to prevent the spread of fire but do not attempt to extinguish the pipeline fire. Once the fire is extinguished, a vapor cloud will begin to form. The cloud will be flammable and explosive and could re-ignite if exposed to another ignition source.
- If the emergency occurs near a road, highway, or railroad right-of-way, traffic control may be desirable to prevent ignition.
- It is important that first responders not operate pipeline valves unless authorized by Our company personnel.
- Our company personnel are not trained or equipped to fight any type of fire which constitutes a pipeline emergency condition.

CONTACT INFORMATION

Cogent Midstream Holdings, LLC

**Cogent Midstream WesTex, LLC
Cogent Midstream Products, LLC
Cogent Midstream Logistics, LLC
Cogent Intrastate Pipeline, LLC**

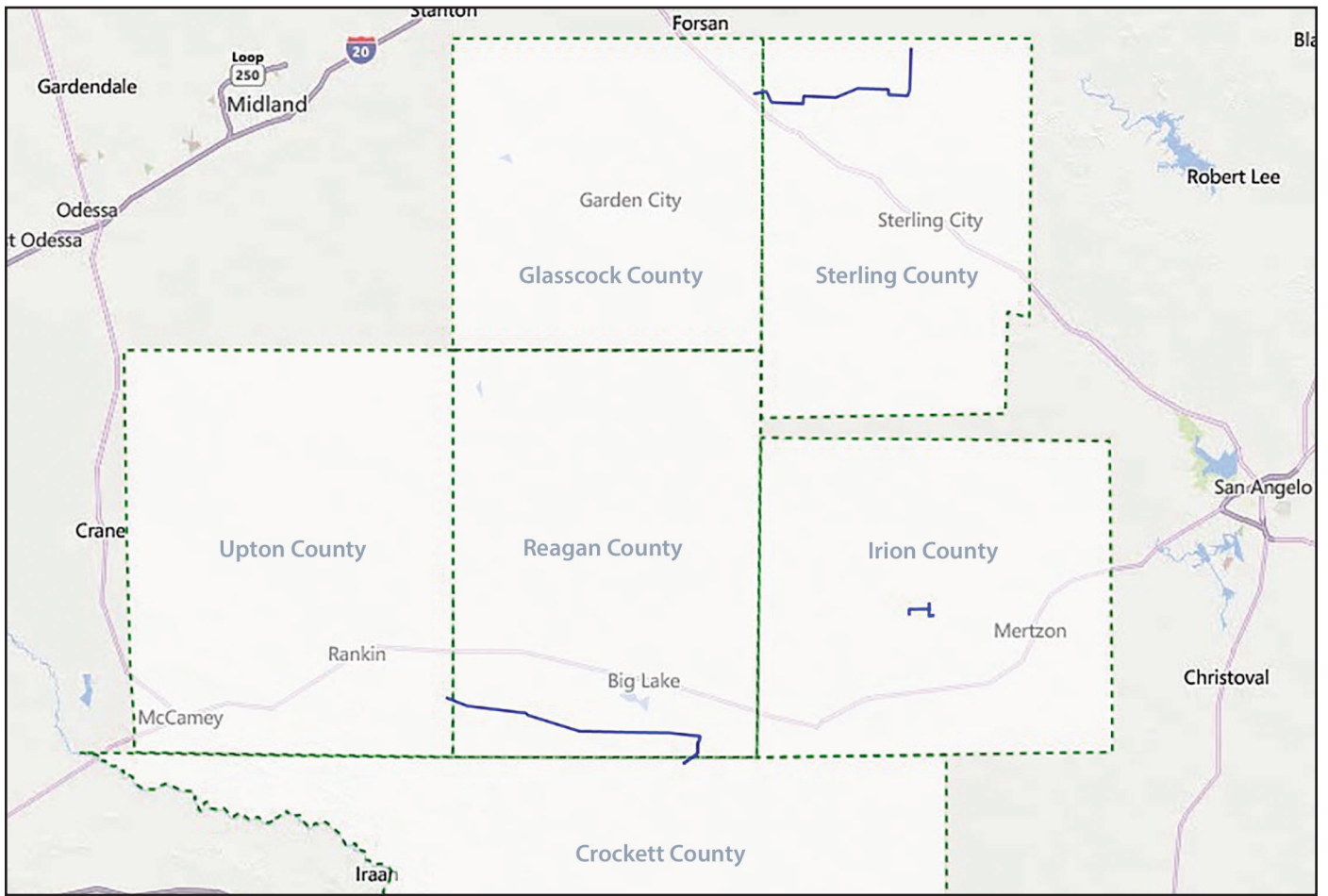
**24-Hour Emergency Contact
1-866-688-9685
Control Room Operations
1-210-568-8370**

**Pipeline Safety Department
325-899-4512**

**Environmental Department
325-899-4512**

**Pipeline Operations
325-899-4512
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Cogent Midstream LLC



Cogent Midstream LLC - Regulated Pipeline Assets