

ABOUT DOUBLE E PIPELINE LLC

Summit Midstream Corporation, headquartered in Houston, TX will operate the Double E Pipeline LLC. Double E Pipeline LLC (Double E) will provide natural gas transportation service from the Delaware Basin to the Waha hub in Texas, connecting a growing associated natural gas supply basin to a liquid trading point with multiple current and planned takeaway pipelines serving demand centers along the United States Gulf Coast and Mexico.

The Pipeline consists of approximately 135.2 miles of varying diameter pipeline. It will originate in the northern Delaware Basin in Eddy County, New Mexico and terminate at the Waha hub, traversing through portions of Eddy and Lea Counties in New Mexico and Loving, Ward, Reeves and Pecos Counties in Texas.

- Approximately 85.6 miles of new 42-inch-diameter trunk-line from the Poker Lake Meter Station site in Eddy County, NM, through Loving, Ward, Reeves and Pecos Counties, TX to the current terminus point at TPP meter location
 - Includes receipt meter for EnLink Lobo Plant
 - Includes delivery meters for Kinder Morgan’s Gulf Coast Express (“GCX”) and Permian Highway Pipeline (“PHP”) and Energy Transfer’s Trans-Pecos Pipeline (“TPP”) Header
- Approximately 49.6 miles of 30-inch-diameter pipe from the San Mateo facility through the Targa, Energy Transfer, Pronto, XTO and EnLink facilities in Eddy County, NM
 - Includes receipt meters for Matador Plant, Sendero Plant and Lucid Road Runner Plant

PIPELINE PURPOSE AND RELIABILITY

Pipelines are the safest and most efficient means of transporting natural gas and petroleum products, according

to National Transportation Safety Board statistics. Pipelines transport natural gas, which provides about 24 percent of all the energy used in the United States, and over 700 million gallons of petroleum products per day.

MAINTAINING SAFETY AND INTEGRITY OF PIPELINES

Double E invests significant time and capital maintaining the quality and integrity of our pipeline systems to maintain public safety, minimize environmental impact, and minimizing customer outages.

- Pipelines are monitored through aerial and ground surveillance to verify the integrity of the pipeline and to detect potential threats along the pipeline right-of-way.
- Pipelines are monitored 24 hours a day via Double E’s Operation Control Center.
- Control center personnel continually monitor our pipeline systems and assess any changes in pressure and flow outside of normal operations.
- Control center personnel notify and dispatch trained local field operations personnel if there is a possibility of a product release or of an incident requiring emergency action.
- Some pipeline systems are equipped with automatic shut-off valves which can be utilized to isolate a section of the pipeline system in the event of a product release or emergency condition.
- Double E has developed a comprehensive Integrity Management Program (IMP) in accordance with State and Federal regulations in order to maintain the safety, reliability and integrity of our pipeline assets.
- As part of the IMP, Double E has identified all pipeline segments that are considered a “High Consequence Area” (HCA). Integrity assessment methods are applied to all pipelines that contain an HCA. An overview of our IMP is available upon request.

24 HOUR CONTACT:
1-888-643-7929

| PRODUCTS/ DOT GUIDEBOOK ID#/ GUIDE#: | | |
|---|--------|-----|
| Natural Gas | 1971 | 115 |
| <p>TEXAS COUNTIES OF OPERATION:</p> | | |
| Loving | Reeves | |
| Pecos | Ward | |
| <p><i>Changes may occur. Contact the operator to discuss their pipeline systems and areas of operation.</i></p> | | |

DAMAGE PREVENTION IS IMPORTANT TO DOUBLE E

Double E maintains a Damage Prevention Program in accordance with state and federal guidelines. The purpose of this program is to prevent damage to our pipelines and facilities from excavation activities. For additional damage prevention information in Texas visit www.rrc.state.tx.us/

CALL BEFORE YOU DIG. IT’S FREE, AND IT’S THE LAW!

Most pipeline accidents occur when individuals are not aware of a pipeline’s location before they begin their work. You can help prevent pipeline incidents by contacting your state one call agency before you dig. One easy phone call to 811 gets the approximate location of underground utility lines marked for free. The new 811 number eliminates the confusion of multiple “Call Before You Dig” numbers because it’s easy to use and remember, and is the same in every state. Calls will be routed to the respective One Call Centers which will then notify Double E when the excavation is near one of our pipelines.

FARM AND EXCAVATION SAFETY IS A SHARED RESPONSIBILITY

No one digs more dirt than America’s farmers, ranchers, and excavators, which is why many agricultural operations such as chisel plowing,

deep ripping or soil sampling, drain tile installation and other deep excavation activities can benefit from calling 811.

Accidentally striking a pipeline can lead to serious injury or death, making it critical for farmers and excavators to follow appropriate safety procedures. If your farming activities consist of DEEP PLOWING, POST HOLE DIGGING, LEVELING, MAINTAINER USE, DIGGING, TRENCHING, or any other below surface use of equipment, it is critical for you to make a One-Call.

Over time, the depth of the pipeline can change due to natural causes, erosion, and other factors. Always call 811 to have the lines marked so that you can be sure to stay safe.

HOW WOULD YOU KNOW WHERE A DOUBLE E PIPELINE IS?

Pipeline markers are typically seen where a pipeline intersects a street, highway or railway. They are placed along pipeline routes to identify the approximate—NOT EXACT—location of the pipeline. They contain information about Double E, the product transported, and our emergency

telephone number. For any person to willfully deface, damage, remove, or destroy any pipeline marker is a federal crime.

Markers do not indicate pipeline burial depth, which will vary.

Pipeline Marker — This marker is the most common. It contains Double E’s information, product, and emergency contact number. Size, shape and color may vary.

Aerial Marker — These skyward facing markers are used by patrol planes that monitor Double E pipeline routes.

Casing Vent Marker — This marker indicates that a Double E pipeline (protected by a steel outer casing) passes beneath a nearby roadway, rail line or other crossing.

WHAT TO DO IN CASE OF DAMAGING/DISTURBING A DOUBLE E PIPELINE

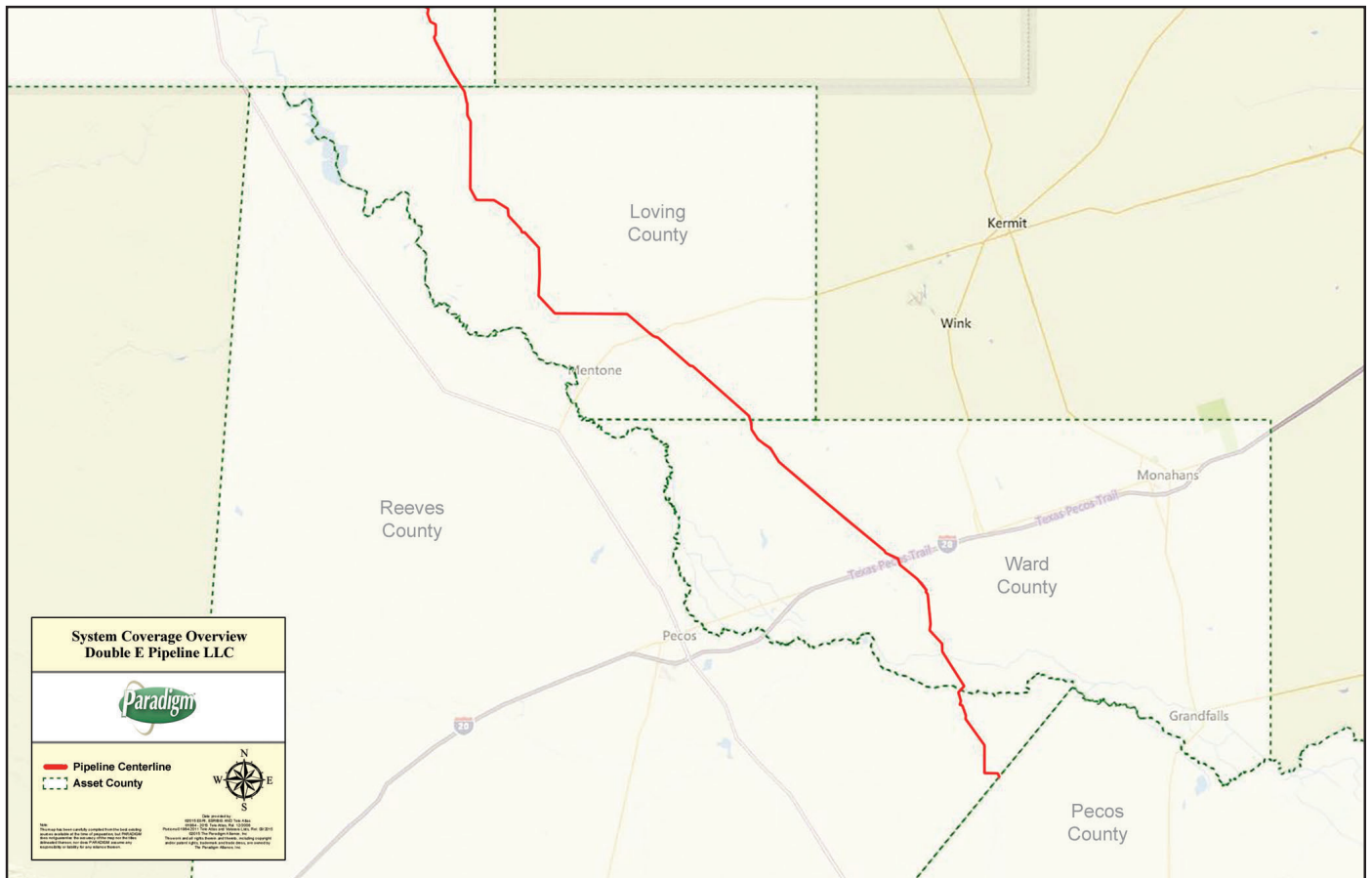
If you cause or witness even minor damage to our pipeline or its protective coating, please notify Double E immediately. Even a small disturbance to the pipeline may cause a future

leak. A gouge, scrape, dent or crease is cause enough for us to inspect the damage and make repairs.

All damages to underground gas or hazardous liquid pipeline facilities in the State of Texas are required by law to be reported to the Railroad Commission of Texas online at www.rrc.state.tx.us. Excavators must notify Double E through the One-Call Center immediately but not later than two hours following the damage incident.

WHAT IS A RIGHT-OF-WAY AND CAN I BUILD OR DIG ON IT?

Double E works diligently to establish written agreements, or easements, with landowners to allow for ease of construction and maintenance when our pipelines cross private property. Rights-of-way are often recognizable as corridors that are clear of trees, buildings or other structures except for the pipeline markers. A right-of-way may not have markers clearly present and may only be indicated by cleared corridors of land, except where farm land or crops exist. County Clerk’s Offices also have record of easements which are public record.



Base map courtesy of openstreetmap.org

HOW WOULD YOU RECOGNIZE A PIPELINE LEAK?

SIGHT

Liquid pools, discolored or dead vegetation, continuous bubbling in wet or flooded areas, an oily sheen on water surfaces, or blowing dirt around a pipeline area can all be indicative of a pipeline leak.

SOUND

Volume can range from a quiet hissing to a loud roar depending on the size of the leak and pipeline system.

SMELL

Natural gas is odorless, but in certain circumstances there is an unusual smell, or petroleum odor, which will sometimes accompany pipeline leaks but not indication there is a leak.

WHAT TO DO IN THE EVENT OF A LEAK:

- Turn off any equipment and eliminate any ignition sources without risking injury.
- Leave the area by foot immediately. Try to direct any other bystanders to leave the area. Attempt to stay upwind.
- Notify Double E and call 911 or your local emergency response number.

WHAT NOT TO DO IN THE EVENT OF A LEAK:

- **DO NOT** cause any open flame or other potential source of ignition such as an electrical switch, vehicle ignition, light a match, etc. Do not start motor vehicles or electrical equipment.
- **DO NOT** come into direct contact with any escaping liquids.
- **DO NOT** drive into a leak while leaving the area.
- **DO NOT** attempt to operate any pipeline valves yourself. You may inadvertently route more product to the leak or cause a secondary incident.
- **DO NOT** attempt to extinguish a petroleum product fire. Wait for local firemen and other professionals trained to deal with such emergencies.

WHAT DOES DOUBLE E DO IF A LEAK OCCURS?

In order to prepare for potential leaks, Double E regularly communicates, plans, and trains with local emergency personnel such as fire and police departments. Upon the notification of an incident or leak, either by Double E's internal control center or by phone, we will immediately dispatch trained personnel to assist public safety officials in their response to the emergency. Double E will also take steps to minimize the amount of product that leaks out and to isolate the pipeline.

Double E's control center may:

- Stop or reduce the flow of product
- Dispatch pipeline emergency response personnel and equipment to the emergency site
- Inform you of any special precautionary recommendations
- Act as a liaison between emergency response agencies and Double E personnel
- Help bring the incident to conclusion as quickly and safely as possible

HOW CAN YOU HELP?

While accidents pertaining to pipeline facilities are rare, awareness of the location of the pipeline, the potential hazards, and what to do if a leak occurs can help minimize the number of accidents. A leading cause of pipeline incidents is third-party excavation damage. Double E is responsible for the safety and security of our pipelines. Here's what you can do to help:

- Become familiar with Double E and Double E pipelines and pipeline facilities in the area (marker signs, fence signs at gated entrances, etc).
- Record Double E's contact information and any pipeline information from nearby marker/facility signs and keep in a permanent location near the telephone.
- Be aware of any unusual or suspicious activities or unauthorized excavations taking place within or near the Double E pipeline right-of-way or pipeline facility; report any such activities to Double E and the local law enforcement.

RESPONDING TO A PIPELINE EMERGENCY

The following guidelines are designed to ensure the safety of those in the area if a petroleum product leak is suspected or detected:

- **Secure the area around the leak to a safe distance.**

Because vapors from the products carried in pipelines can migrate great distances, it is important to remove all ignition sources from the area. Keep in mind, Highly Volatile Liquid (HVL) vapors are heavier than air and can collect in low areas such as ditches, sewers, etc. If safe, evacuating people from homes, businesses, schools and other places of congregation, as well as controlling access to the site may be required in some incident scenarios. Sheltering in place may be the safest action if the circumstances make going outdoors dangerous.

- If the pipeline leak is not burning **DO NOT** cause any open flame or other potential source of ignition such as an electrical switch, vehicle ignition, light a match, etc. **DO NOT** start motor vehicles or electrical equipment.
- If the pipeline leak is burning attempt to control the spread of the fire, but **DO NOT** attempt to extinguish a petroleum product fire. When extinguished, petroleum products could collect and explode if reignited by secondary fire.
- **DO NOT** attempt to operate any pipeline valves yourself. You may inadvertently route more product to the leak or cause a secondary incident.
- **Establish a command center.** Work with Double E as you develop a plan to address the emergency. We will need to know:
 - Your contact information and the location of the emergency
 - Size, characteristics and behavior of the incident, and if there are any primary or secondary fires
 - Any injuries or deaths
 - The proximity of the incident to any structures, buildings, etc.

- Any environmental concerns such as bodies of water, grasslands, endangered wildlife and fish, etc.
- **Evacuate or shelter in place.** Depending on the level of product, and whether or not the product was released, or other variables, it may be necessary to evacuate the public or have the public shelter in place. Evacuation route and the location of the incident will determine which procedure is required, but both may be necessary. Evacuate people upwind of the incident if necessary. Involving Double E may be important in making this decision.

NATIONAL PIPELINE MAPPING SYSTEM

Transmission Pipeline Mapping

The U.S. Department of Transportation's Office of Pipeline Safety has developed the National Pipeline Mapping System (NPMS) to provide information about gas transmission and liquid transmission operators and their pipelines. The NPMS

Web site is searchable by zip code or by county and state, and can display a county map that is printable. For a list of pipeline operators with pipelines in your area and their contact information, go to www.npms.phmsa.dot.gov. Operators of production facilities, gas/liquid gathering piping and distribution piping, are not represented by NPMS nor are they required to be.

PLANNING, ZONING AND PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT

It is crucial to coordinate with Double E to take the location of pipelines into consideration in land use plans, zoning, and property development activities. Developments can make use of pipeline easements as open spaces and greenway connectors. Pipeline depth is a crucial consideration during development planning to ensure costs for lowering or relocation are identified. Changes to the topography on either side of the pipeline may impose unacceptable stresses on the pipeline. Double E would like to coordinate

the development of site plans where large numbers of people congregate, including schools, churches, etc.

DOUBLE E PRODUCTS TRANSPORTED

Natural Gas (Gas)

Lighter than air and will generally rise and dissipate. May gather in a confined space and travel to a source of ignition.

Health Hazards

Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames and will form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may cause dizziness or asphyxiation without warning and may be toxic if inhaled at high concentrations. Contact with gas or liquefied gas may cause burns, severe injury and/or frostbite.